

From Data to Information

Spatio-temporal analysis of historic and recent Landsat acquisitions with ENVI 5.3

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Spatio-Temporal Analysis with ENVI 5.3

- Live-presentation exemplified by Landsat acquisitions

What's New in ENVI 5.3

What's New in SARscape 5.2

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What's New in ENVI 5.3

What's New in SARscape 5.2

Ability to construct a stack of time-enabled raster images.

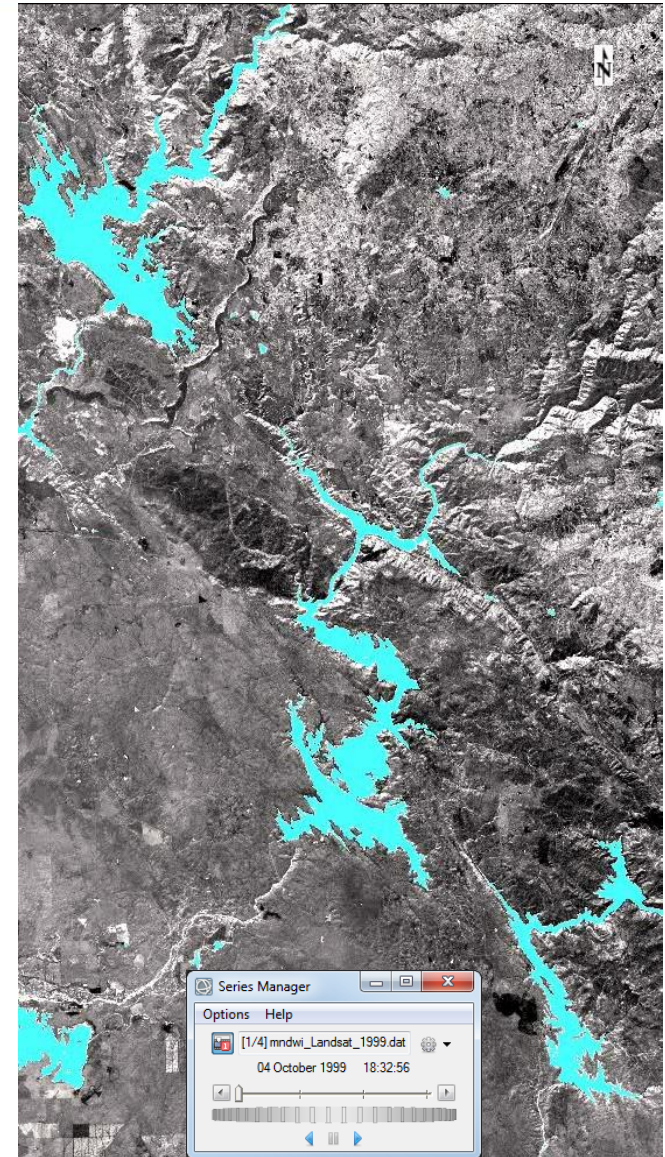
- Normalize a stack of rasters to a common spatial grid with automatic reprojection & resampling.
- Option to order the raster series sequentially according to time metadata.

Automatic ingest of “acquisition time” metadata for raster datasets from a wide variety of sensor data sources.

View and animate a spatio-temporal series.

Raster animation (intra-file band & inter-file series/time).

Animation export to common video formats (.avi, .flv, .mp4, .webm, etc.).



ENVITask System

- Modern object-oriented programming interface for processing.
- Helping you bridge the gap from Desktop application to Enterprise solutions.

AutoChangeThresholdClassification
BuildBandStack
BuildRasterSeries
BuildTimeSeries
ChangeThresholdClassification
ClassificationAggregation
ClassificationSmoothing
ClassificationToShapefile
ColorSliceClassification
DarkSubtractionCorrection
DimensionsResampleRaster
EqualizationStretchRaster
FXSegmentation
ForwardICATransform
ForwardMNFTTransform
ForwardPCATransform
GaussianStretchRaster
GramSchmidtPanSharpening
ISODATAClassification

ImageBandDifference
ImageIntersection
ImageThresholdToROI
LinearPercentStretchRaster
LinearRangeStretchRaster
LogStretchRaster
MahalanobisDistanceClassification
MappingResampleRaster
MaximumLikelihoodClassification
MinimumDistanceClassification
NNDiffusePanSharpening
OptimizedLinearStretchRaster
PCPanSharpening
PercentThresholdClassification
PixelScaleResampleRaster
QUAC
QuerySpectralIndices
ROItoClassification
RPCOrthorectification

RXAnomalyDetection
RadiometricCalibration
RadiometricNormalization
RasterStatistics
RasterViewshed
RegridRaster
RegridRasterSeriesByIndex
RegridRasterSeriesByIntersection
RegridRasterSeriesByUnion
ReprojectGLT
RootStretchRaster
SpectralAngleMapperClassification
SpectralIndex
SpectralIndices
ThematicChange
TrainingClassificationStatistics
VectorAttributeToROIs
VectorRecordsToROI
VegetationSuppression
VideoToRasterSeries

138 Tasks in ENVI 5.3

- File search (batch)

- ENVITask Radiometric Calibration

- ENVITask QUAC
(Atmospheric correction)

- ENVITask Spectral Index (NDVI)

```
pro Pleiades_RadCal_QUAC_NDVI_Batch
compile_opt idl2

; Start the application
e = envi(/CURRENT)
if e eq !NULL then e = envi()

; Create list of files to perform processing
filelist = File_Search('C:\envidata\AGA\Batch_Processing_Inputs', 'DIM_*MS*.XML')

; Get the Radiometric Calibration task from the catalog of ENVITasks.
Task1 = ENVITask('RadiometricCalibration')

; Get the QUAC task from the catalog of ENVITasks.
Task2 = ENVITask('QUAC')

; Get the Spectral Indices task from the catalog of ENVITasks
Task3 = ENVITask('SpectralIndices')
Task3.INDEX = ['Normalized Difference Vegetation Index']

; Define output raster directories
out_dir_cal = 'C:\envidata\AGA\enviout\cal'
out_dir_quac = 'C:\envidata\AGA\enviout\cal_quac'
out_dir_ndvi = 'C:\envidata\AGA\enviout\ndvi'

; Open the rasters and execute the tasks.
foreach file, filelist do begin

; Open an image from the filelist
raster = e.OpenRaster(file)

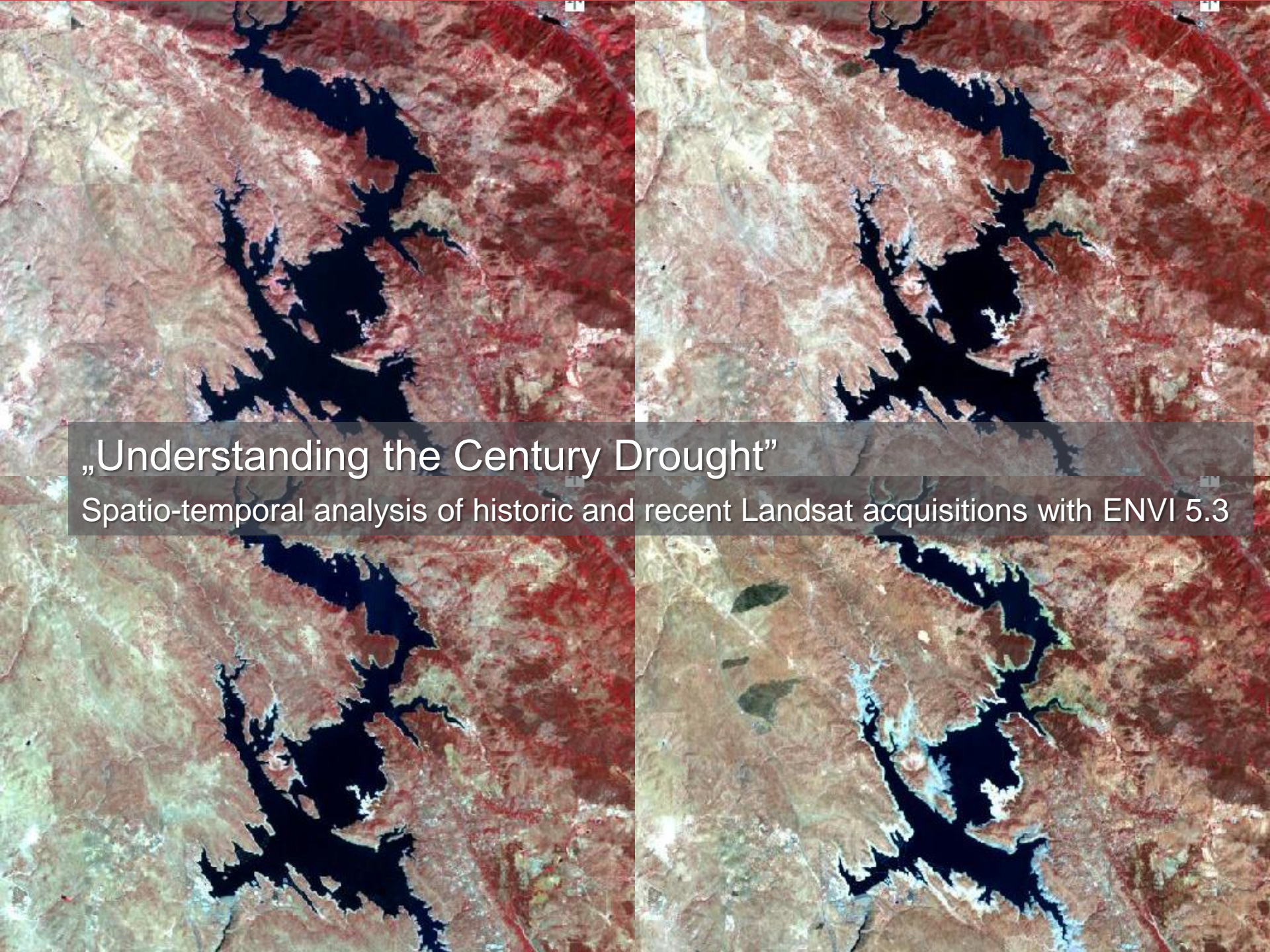
; Run Radiometric Calibration
out_file_cal = out_dir_radcal + path_sep() + 'RadCal_' + file_basename(file, '.XML') + '.dat'
Task1.Input_Raster = raster
Task1.Output_Raster_URI = out_file_radcal
Task1.Execute

; Run QUAC
out_file_quac = out_dir_quac + path_sep() + 'QUac_' + file_basename(file, '.XML') + '.dat'
Task2.Input_Raster = Task1.Output_Raster
Task2.Output_Raster_URI = out_file_quac
Task2.Execute

; Run Spectral Indices
out_file_ndvi = out_dir_ndvi + path_sep() + 'NDVI_' + file_basename(file, '.XML') + '.dat'
Task3.Input_Raster = Task2.Output_Raster
Task3.Output_Raster_URI = out_file_ndvi
Task3.Execute

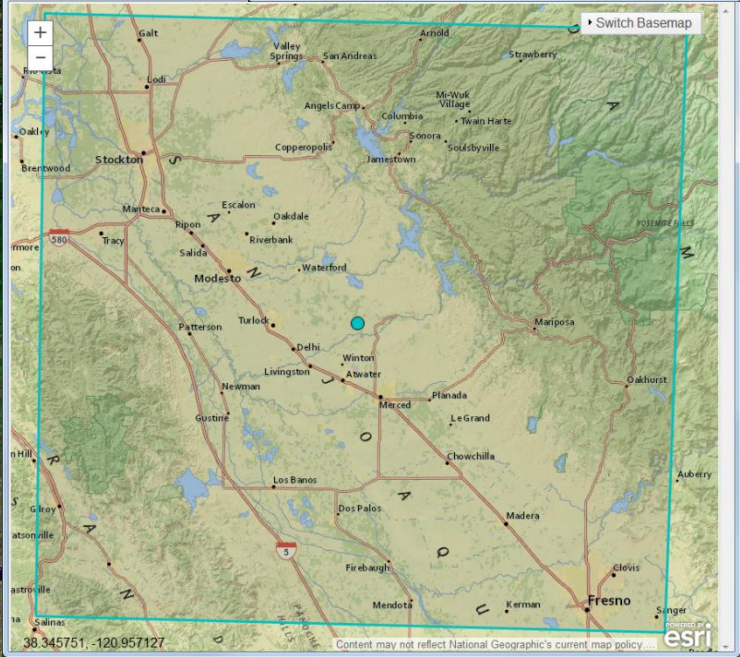
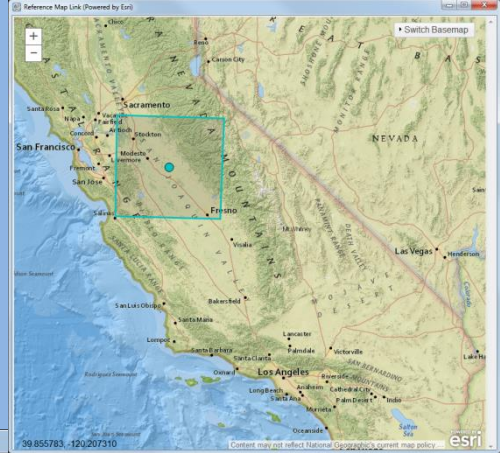
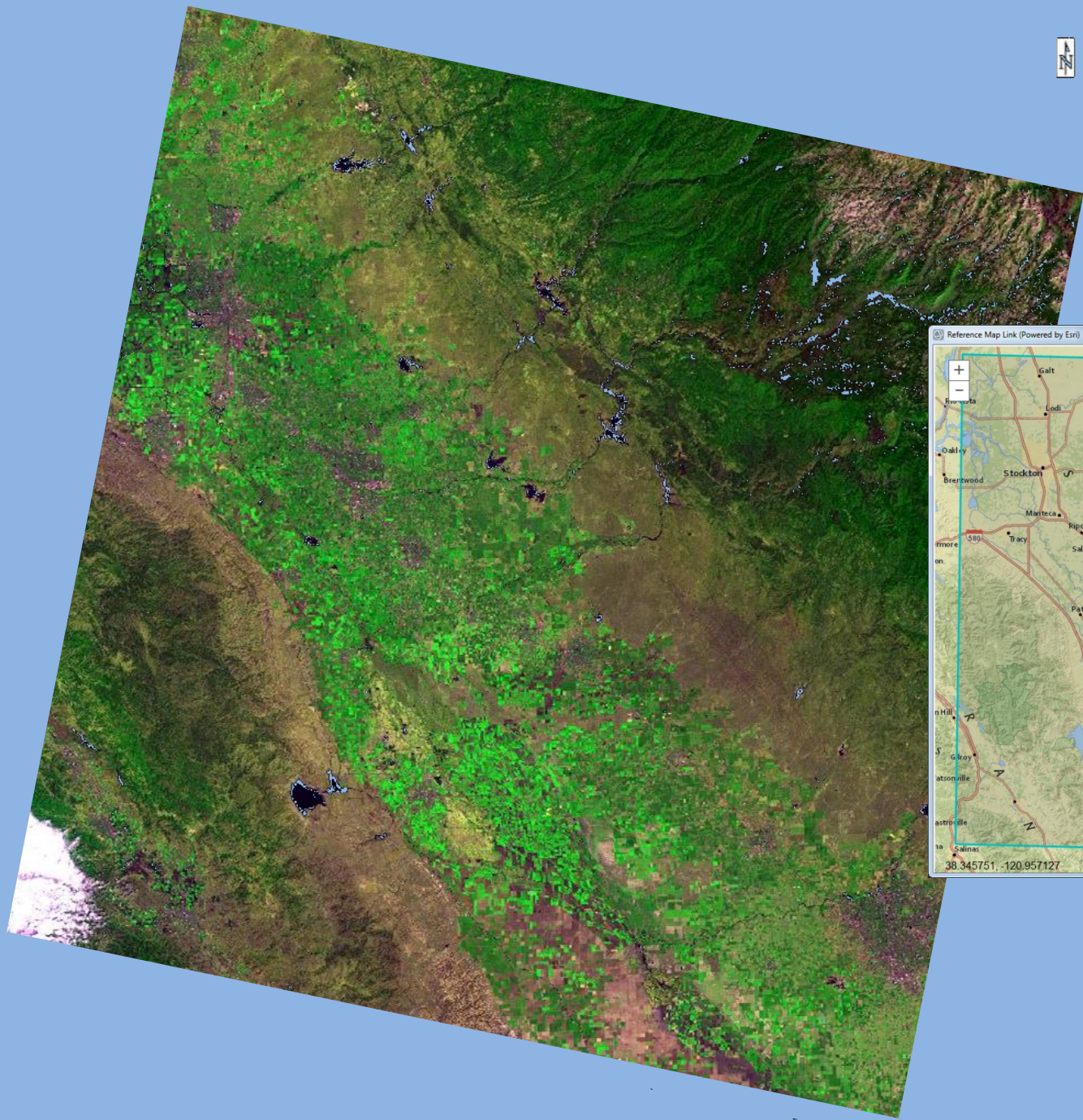
endforeach

end
```

„Understanding the Century Drought”

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Preprocessing

File search (batch)

- ENVITask **Radiometric Calibration**
- ENVITask **QUAC**
(Atmospheric correction)

ENVITask **Build Time Series**

Animation of spatiotemporal series (view 1)

Analysis

File selection (interactive)

- ENVITask **Spectral Index** (MNDWI)
- ENVITask **Color Slice Classification**
- ENVITask **Classification Aggregation**
- ENVITask **Classification to Shapefile**
- ENVIDoit **Stretch Doit**
- ENVIDoit **Classification Overlay**

Display shape files (view 1)

ENVITask **Build Time Series**

Animation of spatiotemporal series (view 2)

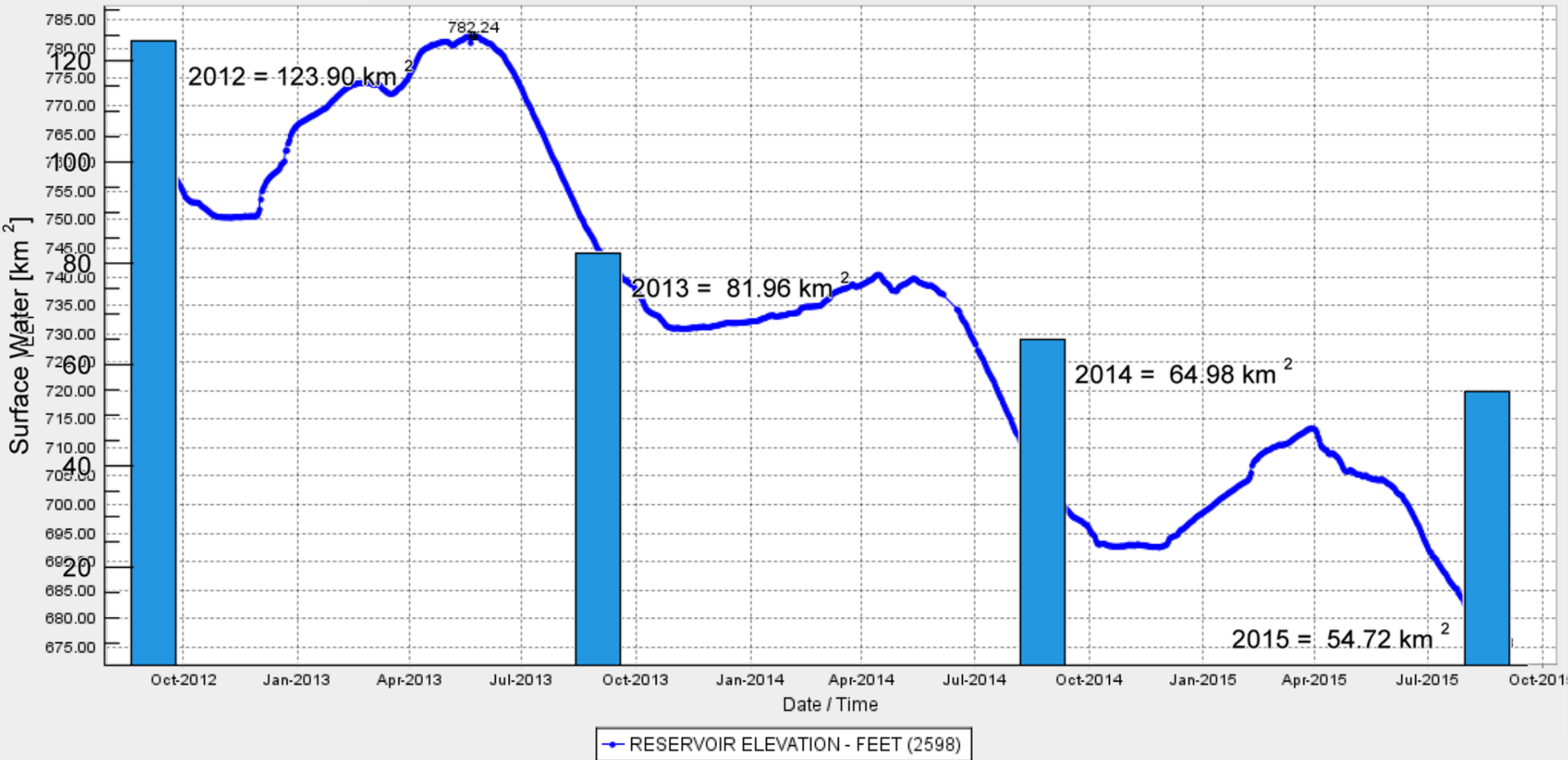
Create video animation

Visualization of results as
IDL-Barplot and export as PDF

Correlation with Reservoir Elevations



Reservoir Surface Water - Eastern Sierra Nevada, California



Spatio-Temporal Analysis with ENVI 5.3

- Live-presentation exemplified by Landsat acquisitions

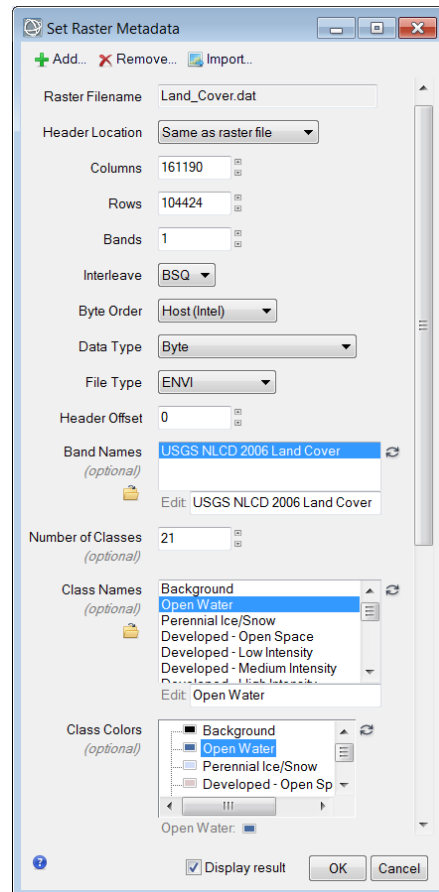
What's New in ENVI 5.3

What's New in SARscape 5.2

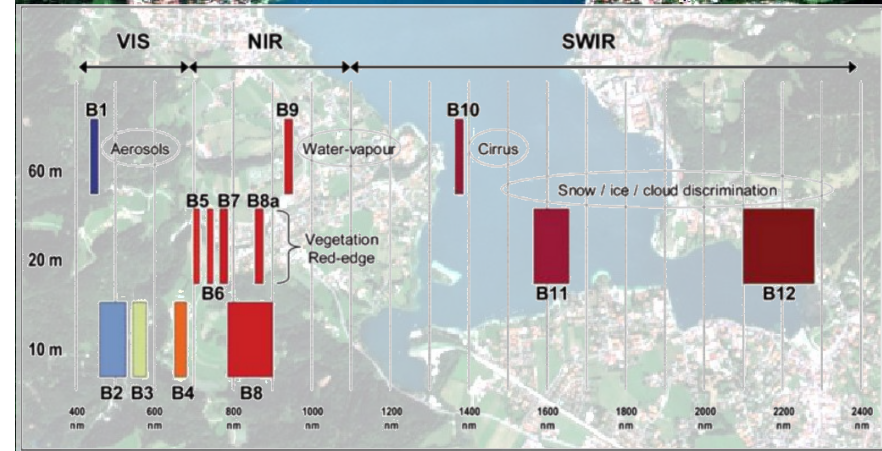
Sensor Product Input

- Sentinel-2A MSI Level 1C

Raster Metadata

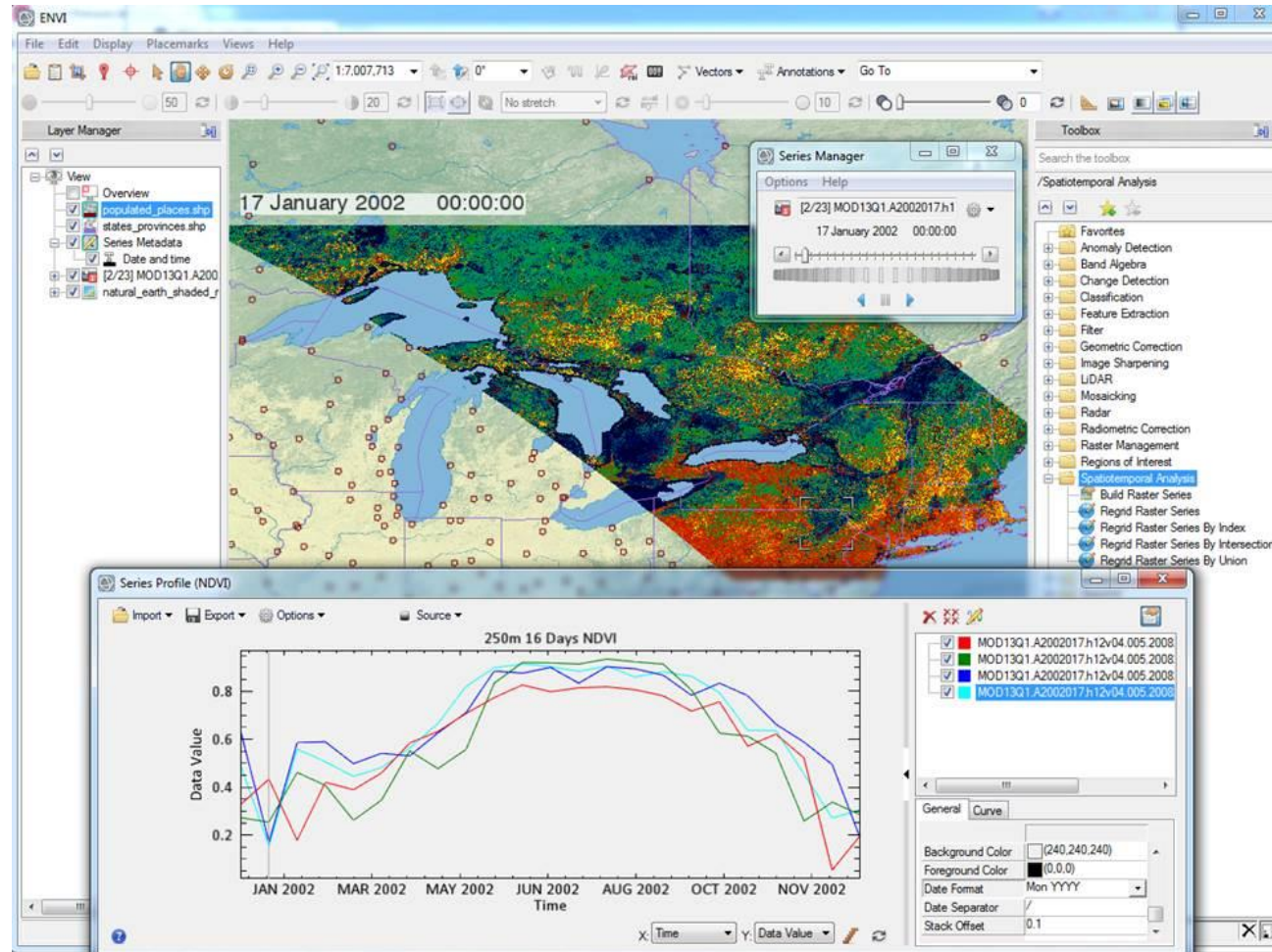


- Modern upgrade to „Edit ENVI Header“.
- Edit classification image class names & colors.



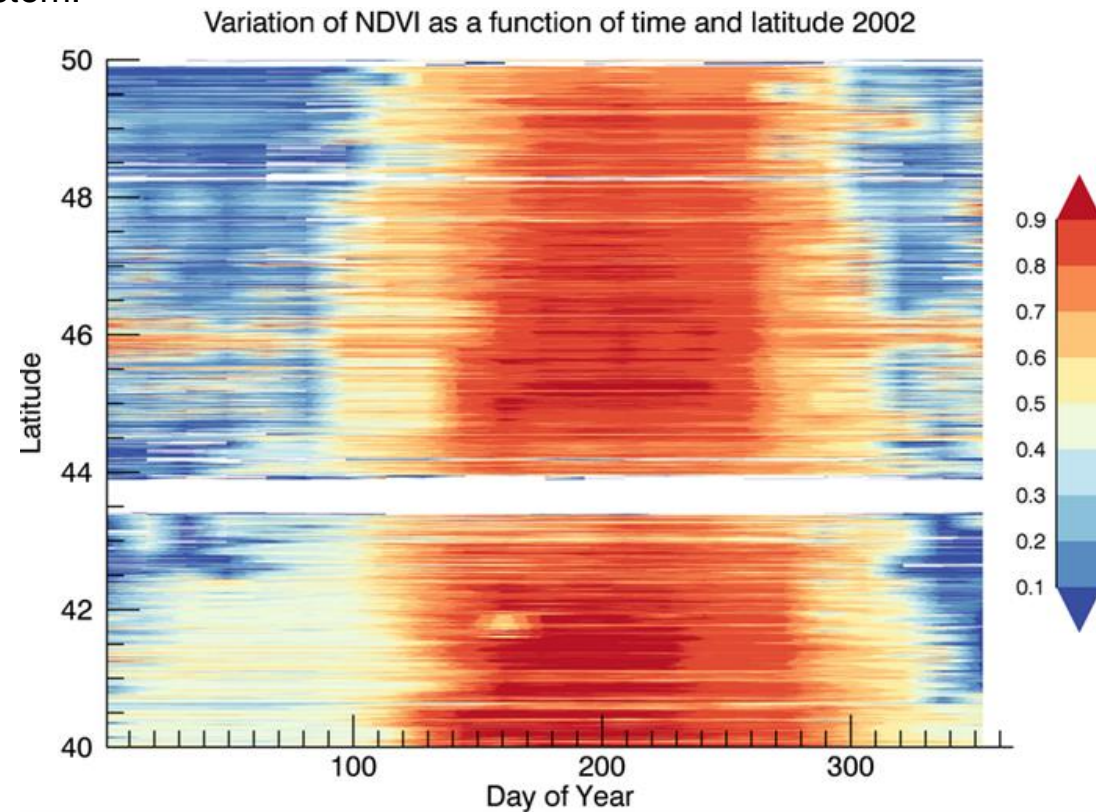
Spatio-Temporal Analysis

- Raster series custom grid definitions.
- Raster series time profile.



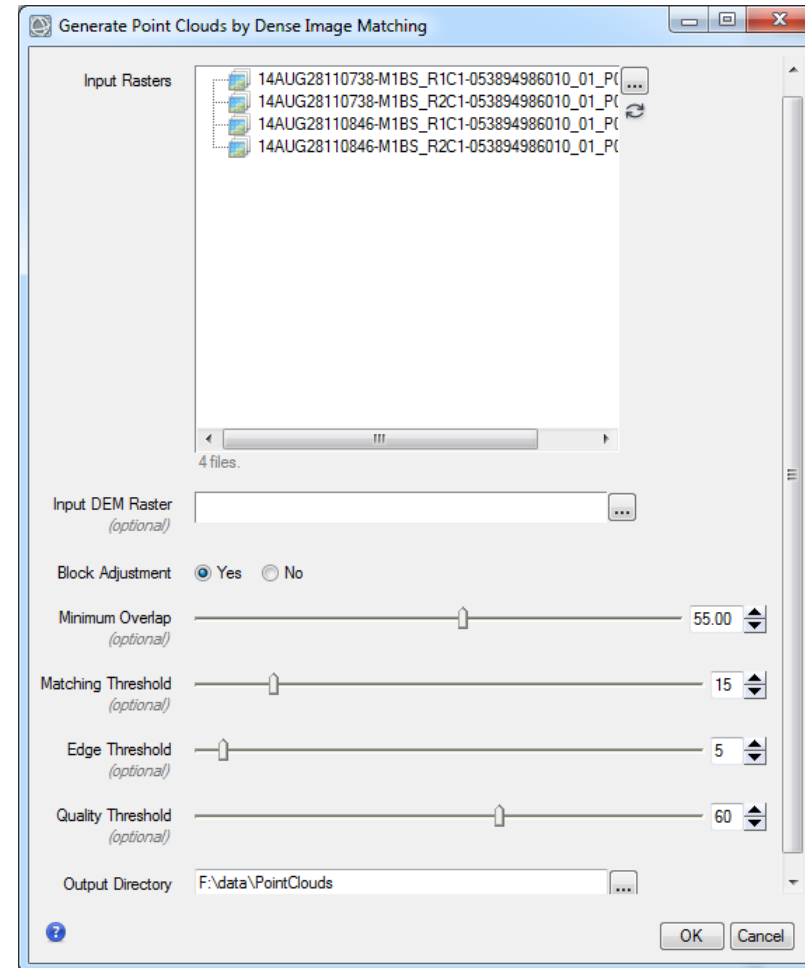
ENVI/IDL Programmatic API

- 54 new ENVITasks, i. a.
 - “Seamless Mosaic” functionality,
 - Tasks for working with spectral libraries,
 - Reproject a raster to any coordinate system.
- Under-defined ENVITasks
- Temporal processing examples
 - Time-frequency analysis
 - Space-time visualization



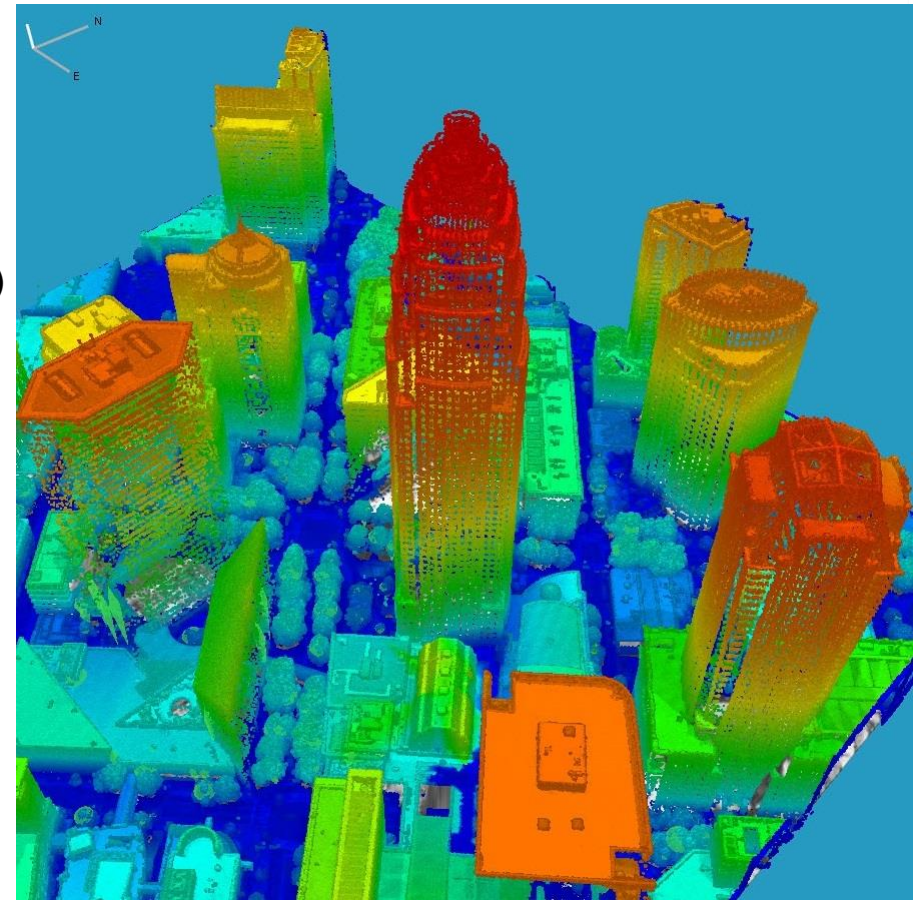
ENVI Photogrammetry Module

- Photogrammetrically derived 3D point-clouds from spaceborne EO/IR platform stereo imagery via pixel correlation.
- Uses semi-global matching (SGM) algorithm for dense image matching.
- Sensor orientation metadata used to constrain search along epipolar dimension.
- Matches all pixels generating point cloud with one 3D point per pixel.
- Output LAS files encoded with Intensity or RGB from input images used for matching.
- Initial sensor support:
 - ENVI Standard raster format with generic RPC model
 - WorldView-1/2/3
 - GeoEye-1
 - IKONOS
 - QuickBird
 - Pleiades-1 & SPOT-6/7



ENVI LiDAR Integration

- ENVI now has significant out-of-the-box point-cloud visualization and analysis:
 - Bare-Earth DEM and DSM generation
 - Orthophoto extraction
 - Contours production
 - Terrain TIN creation (Triangulated Irregular Network)
 - “Viewshed” line-of-sight analysis
- 3D point-cloud feature extraction (buildings, trees, power lines) now part of the ENVI Feature Extraction Module
 - ENVI Fx module is now 2D + 3D !
- LiDAR API integrated into e=ENVI()
 - ⇒ programmatic access is much simpler
 - Custom extension development
 - Headless batch mode execution
 - Enterprise server deployments



Bi-Directional IDL-Python Bridge

- Access to all IDL routines and Python modules in either language.
- Seamless integration of Python code in ENVI.
- Ability to execute
ArcGIS ⇒ Python ⇒ IDL ⇒ ENVITask
- Automatic data and syntax conversions.
- IPython Notebook kernel for running IDL
 - Web interface for interactive publication-quality notebooks for exploratory data analysis.
 - Combine code execution, rich text, mathematics, plots and rich media.

The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook titled 'Untitled3' with a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Insert, Cell, Kernel, Help) and a toolbar. The main content area features a header for the 'IDL IPython Kernel' with a logo of three orange arrows and text explaining its purpose: 'The IDL IPython Kernel allows you to use the Interactive Data Language (IDL) in the IPython Notebook.'

Below the header, it states 'You can execute any IDL commands' and provides instructions: 'Be sure to press <Shift>+<Return> to execute the command.'

An example code cell 'In [0]:' is shown with the following code:

```
; Create and use IDL variables; do multiple statements in a cell
arr = Randomu(seed, 1000)
HELP, arr
```

The output below the code is:

```
ARR          FLOAT   = Array[1000]
```

Another section states 'You can create inline plots in both direct graphics and function graphics:'.

An example code cell 'In [7]:' is shown with the following code:

```
; Create a simple dataset:
D = DIST(40)
; Display the dataset as a light-source shaded surface:
WINDOW, XSIZE=300, YSIZE=200
SHADE_SURF, D, TITLE = 'Shaded Surface'
; Function graphics
m = MAP(/TEST, DIM=[400, 200])
```

Below the code, two plots are displayed. The top plot is a 3D 'Shaded Surface' plot showing a surface with a peak and a valley. The bottom plot is a 2D world map showing the continents and oceans, with latitude and longitude lines.

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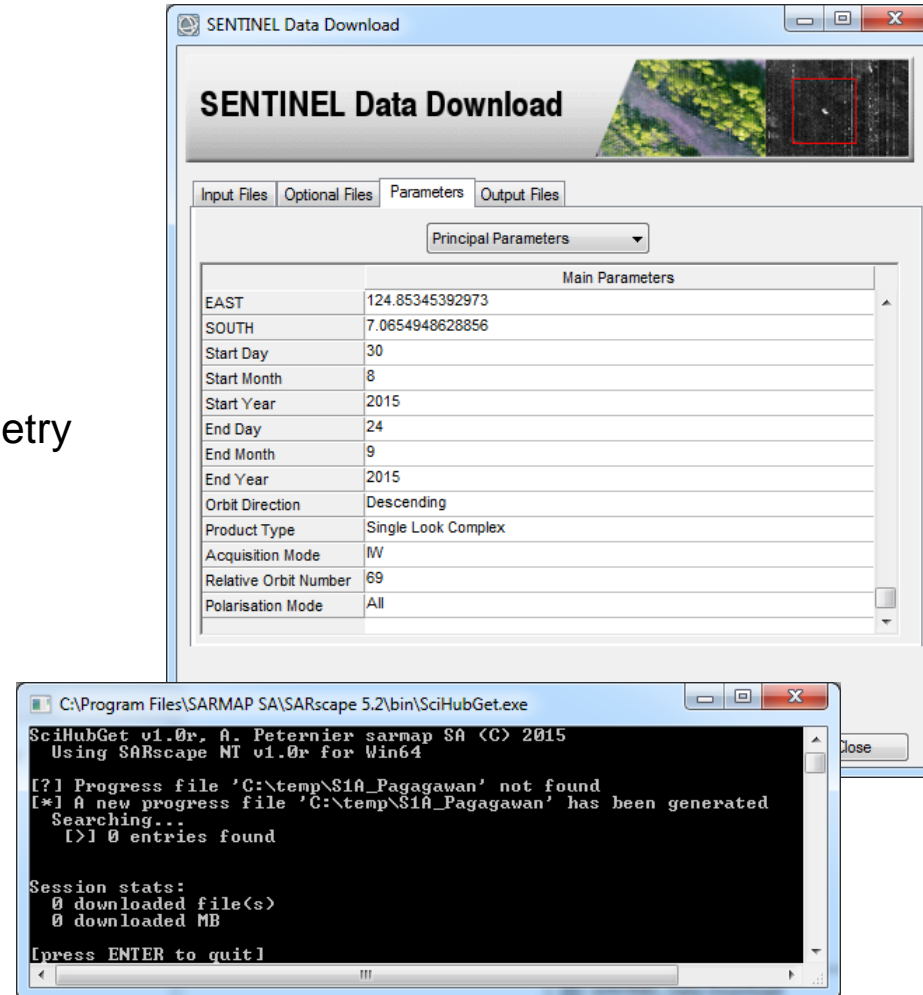
- Live-presentation exemplified by Landsat acquisitions

What's New in ENVI 5.3

What's New in SARscape 5.2

Key features among the new enhancements are:

- Sentinel-1 IW (TOPSAR)
 - Full support for Sentinel TOPSAR (and Stripmap) interferometry and interferometric stacking.
 - Includes new, very precise coregistration based on spectral diversity.
- SARscape import tools now contain a Sentinel Data download tool.
- PALSAR-2 ScanSAR Full Aperture interferometry preliminary support.
- Improved parallel computing in interferometric processing.
- Second-generation De Grandi multi-temporal speckle filter.
- IDL API
 - New functions to read and write SARscape .sml ancillary / header files from IDL scripts.
 - New IDL example scripts.





Thank You!



Workshop 2 (14:00 Uhr)
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